## Oklahoma Mosquito Reference Sheet

Mosquito Picture	Scientific Name	Common Name	Distinctive Features	Disease/s Carried	Ecology	Bite	Additional Information
	Aedes albopictus	Asian Tiger	<ul> <li>Black and silver color</li> <li>Striped legs</li> <li>Single, silver stripe on thorax</li> <li>Silver bands on abdomen</li> <li>Sharp abdomen</li> <li>Unmarked wings</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Dengue</li><li>Chickungunya</li><li>West Nile Virus</li></ul>	Containers; Anything that holds water (flower pots, gutters, tires)	Daytime	Mostly seen after rains; controlled by habitat and larvae; Pesticide moderately effective
	Aedes aegypti	Yellow fever mosquito	<ul> <li>Lyre shape on thorax</li> <li>Striped legs</li> <li>Dusty black color</li> <li>Dark unmarked wings</li> <li>Sharp abdomen</li> <li>Basal bands on abdomen</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Dengue</li><li>Chickungunya</li><li>Yellow fever</li></ul>	Artificial containers	Daytime	Feed on humans; Historically found in OK (not as common now); Major disease vector; Often confused with Aedes albopictus
	Culex tarsalis	Western House Mosquito	<ul> <li>Striped, lined legs</li> <li>Bands on abdomen</li> <li>Blunt abdomen</li> <li>Dark, unmarked wings</li> <li>Lightly patterned thorax</li> </ul>	West Nile Virus	Polluted waters	Evening	Prefers birds to humans; Found more in western areas
	Culex quinquefasciatus	Southern House Mosquito	<ul> <li>Tan Color</li> <li>Dark Legs</li> <li>Bands on abdomen</li> <li>Blunt abdomen</li> <li>Dark, unmarked wings</li> <li>Plain, tan thorax</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>West Nile Virus</li> <li>Saint Louis         Encephalitis     </li> <li>Eastern Equine         Encephalitis     </li> <li>Western Equine         Encephalitis     </li> </ul>	Polluted Waters	Evening	Feeds on humans and birds; most often bite in the evening; Type most often collected at THD
	Anopheles quadrimaculatus	Malaria Mosquito	<ul> <li>Palin dark thorax</li> <li>Dark, blunt, unmarked abdomen</li> <li>4 spots on dark wings</li> <li>Long dark palps</li> <li>Dark legs</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Malaria</li><li>Heartworm</li></ul>	Ponds; Lake margins; Around emergent vegetation	Night	Prefers to feed on humans

Aedes japonicus	Asian bush mosquito	<ul> <li>Brown color</li> <li>Striped legs, dark hind tarsi</li> <li>Golden striped thorax</li> <li>Bands only on ventral abdomen</li> <li>Sharp abdomen</li> <li>Dark unmarked wings</li> </ul>	West Nile Virus	Rock pools	Not specified	Invasive; not commonly found; not a major pest
Anopheles pseudopunctipennis	Dapple winged mosquito	<ul> <li>Long striped palps</li> <li>Marked wings</li> <li>Light patterning on the thorax</li> <li>Blunt, dark abdomen</li> <li>Dark legs</li> </ul>	Dog heartworm	Stream edges	Not specified	More abundant during dry periods; Feed on large mammals and humans
Aedes triseriatus	Eastern tree hole mosquito	<ul> <li>Sharp Abdomen</li> <li>Dark, unbanded abdomen</li> <li>Dark brown/silver color</li> <li>Dark unmarked wings</li> <li>Dark legs</li> <li>Thorax with silver band and wide silver bands on sides</li> </ul>	Lacrosse encephalitis	Tree holes and artificial containers and floodwaters	Not specified	Nuisance to man; big in size
Culex erraticus	N/A	<ul> <li>Blunt abdomen</li> <li>Small in size</li> <li>Dark brown color</li> <li>Bands on abdomen</li> <li>Dark, unmarked wings</li> <li>Dark legs</li> </ul>	Possible West Nile Virus	Grassy pond edges; slow streams	Not specified	Not usually a pest to humans; Vector of West Nile Virus birds; Associated with Anopheles quadrimaculatus

<sup>\*\*</sup>Other notable mosquitoes:

Culiseta inorata – aka. Winter Mosquito, not known to carry disease; found in cooler temperatures Aedes epatius – aka. Southern Rock Pool Mosquito; not known to carry disease Orthopodomyia – not known to carry disease